## **Template for Taxonomic Proposal to the ICTV Executive Committee To create a new Family**

		J						
Code <sup>†</sup>	2005.088B.04	To create a new family*						
Code <sup>†</sup>	2005.089B.04	To name the new family*	Ampullaviridae					
Code <sup>†</sup>	2005.090B.04	To designate the following genera as part of the new family*:						
		Ampullavirus						
	ssigned by ICTV officers							
	eave blank is not appropriat							
		responding arguments for each genus						
Aum	or(s) with email	address(es) of the Taxo	nomic Proposai					
	Prangishvili							
prangish@pasteur.fr								
Old T	<b>Caxonomic Orde</b>	 r						
	der							
	mily							
	nus	Ampullavirus						
	pe Species	Acidianus bottle-shaped virus						
	ecies in the Genus	Acidianus bottle-shaped virus						
Tentative Species in the Genus none								
Unassigned Species in the family none								
	Taxonomic Orde	r						
_	der	A 11 · · · 1						
	mily nus	Ampullaviridae Ampullavirus						
	nus pe Species	Amputtavirus Acidianus bottle-shaped virus						
	ecies in the Genus	Acidianus bottle-shaped virus						
	ntative Species in the G							
Unassigned Species in the family none								
ICTV-EC comments and response of the SG								

## **Argumentation to create a new family:**

We propose classifying the *Acidianus bottle-shaped virus* as a first representative of a new family because of the unique bottle-shaped morphology of the virion which, to our knowledge, has not previously been observed in the viral world. Moreover, the complex asymmetric virion, lacking elements with icosahedral or regular helical symmetry, with two completely different structures at each end and an envelope encasing a funnel-shaped core represents, as far as we can judge, represents a principally novel type of virus particle.

The funnel-shaped core of the enveloped virion consists of three distinct structural units: the "stopper", the nucleoprotein cone, consisting of double-stranded DNA and DNA-binding proteins, and the inner core. Electron microscopy evidence suggests that the "stopper" is a structural element involved in recognition of cellular receptors and adsorption, and it is the only component to which DNA is directly attached. The broad end of the virion exhibits an unusual structure with the  $20~(\pm~2)$  thin filaments regularly distributed around, and inserted into, a disc or ring. TEM observations indicate that these filaments are not involved in adsorption and their function remains unclear.

## Origin of the proposed family name

From the Latin ampulla, for bottle

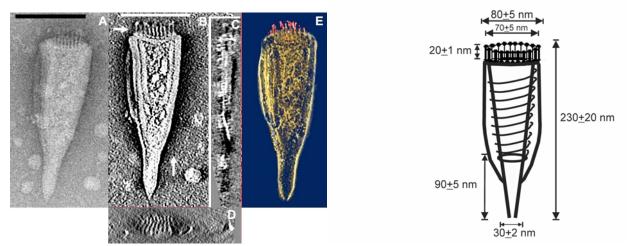
## References

Häring, M., R. Rachel, X. Peng, R. A. Garrett, and D. Prangishvili (2005). Diverse viruses in hot springs of Pozzuoli, Italy, and characterization of a unique archaeal virus, *Acidianus*-bottle-shaped virus, from a new family, the *Ampullaviridae*. Virology, vol. 79, No. 15, in press.

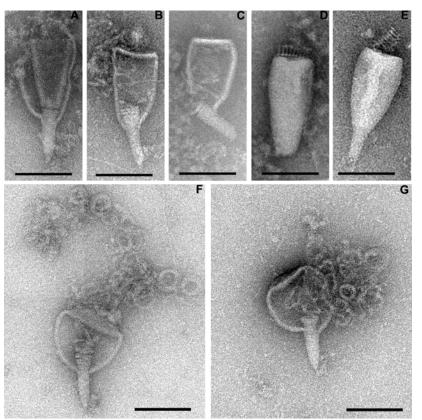
Häring M., R. Rachel, X. Peng, R. A. Garrett, and D. Prangishvili. 2005. Diverse viruses in hot springs of Pozzuoli, Italy, including a unique bottle-shaped archaeal virus ABV from a new family, the *Ampullaviridae*. *J. Virol*. 147, 2419-2429.

Peng, X., T. Basta, M. Haring, R. A. Garrett, and D. Prangishvili. 2007. Genome of *Acidianus* bottle-shaped virus and insights into the replication and packaging mechanisms. *Virology* 364, 237-243.

			ex		
_/\	۱n	n	$\mathbf{o}\mathbf{v}$	ΔC	•
$\Gamma$	711	ш	CЛ	CO	•



Electron micrograph and 3D reconstruction of ABV negatively stained with 3% uranyl acetate. (A) Original micrograph at 0 degree tilt. (B) Horizontal slice (0.7 nm) through the 3D data set of 3D reconstruction of ABV. (C) Vertical slice (YZ), (D) vertical slice (XZ) through the same data set. (C) and (D), the position of the slices are indicated by white arrows in B. (E) Color-coded representation of virions 3D structure. Bars: 100 nm. One the right side, a scheme of the structure of an ABV virion



Electron micrographs of partially disrupted particles of ABV negatively stained with 3% uranyl acetate. Bar, 100 nm.