

**Part 1:** **TITLE, AUTHORS, APPROVALS, etc**

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| **Code assigned:** | **2021.084B** |  |
| **Short title:** Create one new species in the genus *Trigintaduovirus* (*Caudoviricetes*) | | |
|  | | |

**Author(s) and email address(es)**

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**Corresponding author**

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| Andrew M. Kropinski |

**List the ICTV Study Group(s) that have seen this proposal**

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| Bacterial Viruses Subcommittee |

**ICTV study group comments and response of proposer**

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**Authority to use the name of a living person**

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| --- | --- |
| **Is any taxon name used here derived from that of a living person (Y/N)** | N |

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| --- | --- | --- |
| **Taxon name** | **Person from whom the name is derived** | **Permission attached (Y/N)** |
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**Submission dates**

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| Date first submitted to SC Chair | May 2021 |
| Date of this revision (if different to above) |  |

**ICTV-EC comments and response of the proposer**

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| Acceptance of proposal 2021.001B.abolish\_Caudovirales by EC53 results in removal of the order *Caudovirales* and families *Myoviridae*, *Podoviridae* and *Siphoviridae*. All underlying taxa are to be assigned directly to the class *Caudoviricetes*. The Excel module of this proposal has been altered to reflect the future changes; however, the Word module has been unaltered while awaiting the ratification vote. |

**Part 2:** **NON-TAXONOMIC PROPOSAL**

**Text of proposal**

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**Part 3:** **TAXONOMIC PROPOSAL**

**Name of accompanying Excel module**

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| 2021.084B.R.Trigintaduovirus\_new\_species |

**Abstract**

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| The genus *Trigintaduovirus* with one species was created via Taxonomy Proposal 2017.026B. Because of its similar DNA sequence temperate Mycobacterium phage Rem711 has been added to this genus. |

**Text of proposal**

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| |  | | --- | | **Species demarcation criteria:** Two phages are assigned to the same species if their genomes are more than 95% identical over their genome length for isolates.  These values can be calculated by a number of tools, such as BLASTn – usually calculated using intergenomic distance calculator VIRIDIC [3].  **Genus demarcation criteria:** In search for criteria that create cohesive and distinct genera that are reproducible and monophyletic, the Bacterial Viruses Subcommittee has established 70% nucleotide identity of the genome length as the cut-off for genera. Genus-level groupings should always be monophyletic in the signature genes, as tested with a phylogenetic tree. [4] | |

**Supporting evidence**

**Source of the name of this taxon:** NA

**History:** Temperate phage Rem711 was isolated from soil by Rachel Moore (Florida Gulf Coast University, St. Petersburg , FL USA) in 2013 as part of the Science Education Alliance-Phage Hunters Advancing Genomics and Evolutionary Science program. It possesses 13 nt (TCCGCAGCGGTGA) 3’ cohesive termini. It belongs to Cluster Z. The *Trigintaduovirus* was created through Taxonomy Proposal 2017.026B.

**Specific Reference:** None

**GenBank Summary:**

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Phage name | RefSeq No. | INSDC | Size (Kb) | GC% | Protein | tRNAs | Overall DNA sequence identity (\*\*) | % common proteins (\*\*) |
| Mycobacterium phage 32HC | [NC\_023602.1](https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/nuccore/NC_023602.1) | [KJ028219.1](https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/nuccore/KJ028219.1) | 50.78 | 65.7 | [86](https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/genome/browse/#!/proteins/24345/460449%7CMycobacterium%20phage%2032HC/viral%20segment%20Unknown/) | 0 | 100 | 100 |
| Mycobacterium phage Rem711 | [NC\_051725.1](https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/nuccore/NC_051725.1) | [MG770216.1](https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/nuccore/MG770216.1) | 50.83 | 66.2 | [85](https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/genome/browse/#!/proteins/68398/369545%7CMycobacterium%20phage%20Rem711/viral%20segment/) | 0 | 89.7 | 96.5 |

**(\*) Determined using BLASTN [1-3]**

**(\*\*) Determined using CoreGenes 3.5 at** [**http://binf.gmu.edu:8080/CoreGenes3.5/**](http://binf.gmu.edu:8080/CoreGenes3.5/) **[4]**

**BLASTN homologs:** Genomic orphan [1-3].

**Electron micrograph:** Electron micrographs of negatively stained Microbacterium phage Rem711 (https://phagesdb.org/phages/Rem711/). Limited permission was granted by The Actinobacteriophages Database (https://phagesdb.org/), funded by the Howard Hughes Medical Institute, to use this electron micrograph for this taxonomy proposal; it cannot be reused without permission of The Actinobacteriophages Database.

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Description automatically generated**

**Phylogeny:** The phylogenetic tree was constructed using the terminase large subunit of Rem711 and related phages with phylogeny.fr in “one click” mode [8]. "The "One Click mode" targets users that do not wish to deal with program and parameter selection. By default, the pipeline is already set up to run and connect programs recognized for their accuracy and speed (MUSCLE for multiple alignment and PhyML for phylogeny) to reconstruct a robust phylogenetic tree from a set of sequences." It also includes the use of Gblocks to eliminate poorly aligned positions and divergent regions. "The usual bootstrapping procedure is replaced by a new confidence index that is much faster to compute. See: Anisimova M., Gascuel O. Approximate likelihood ratio test for branches: A fast, accurate and powerful alternative [9] for details."

**A screenshot of a computer

Description automatically generated with medium confidence**

**References**

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